NORWAY	1
NEWZEALAND	2
PALESTINE	7
PANAMA	93
PHILIPINE	9
PORTUGAL	1
POLAND	1
SOUTH AFRICA	1
SINGAPORE	76
SRI LANKA	294
SUDAN	299
SOMALIA	121
SWEDISH	7
SPAIN	4
SCHECHLIS	2
SYRIA	1
SWISS	22
STATELESS	10
THAILAND	8
TANZANIA	14
TIBET	1
UGANDA	12
U.S.A.	83
RUSSIA	1
YEMEN	11
ZAMBIA	5
YUGOSLAVIA	1
PAKISTANI	12753

NOTE: Since no authentic information is available for Bangladeshi nationals, the statement does not include Bangladesh nationals.

2. Information in respect of foreigners other than Pakistani nationals is upto 30th November, 1990. However, information relating to Pakistani nationals is for the period ending 31st December, 1992.

Agarwood smugglers operating in Hojai Assam

1098. SHRI SUNDER SINGH BHANDARI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Agarwood smugglers operating from Hojai (Assam) engineered the communal violence of December, 1992 in the area;

(b) whether it is also a fact that there are a number of agarwood plantations in the whole of North Eastern region of the country;

(c) whether it is a fact this trade is entirely check up by in migrant Muslims; and

(d) whether Government are aware that these agar shanks formed several Islamic suicide squads and arms were procured from Bangladesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P.M. SAYEED): (a) to (c) It is a fact that the Agarwood trade is by and large controlled by Muslims, all of them are not migrant Muslims. There is, however, no information about Agarwood smugglers operating in Hojai (Assam) having engineered communal violence in December, 1992.

(d) There is no such information.

उग्रवाद का उन्मूलन

1099. **श्री विश्वासराव रामराव पाटिल:** क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) कश्मीर में उग्रवाद को समाप्त करने के लिए सेना ने क्या कदम उठाए हैं, और

(ख) कश्मीर में उग्रवाद को पूरी तरह से समाप्त करने के लिए सेना क्या कर रही है?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राजेश पायलट): (क) और (ख) जम्मू और कश्मीर में आतंकवादी तत्वों का पता लगाने और उनको निष्क्रिय बनाने तथा इन आतंकवादी दलों द्वारा अन्दरूनी क्षेत्रों में प्रयोग किए जा रहे अत्यन्त संवेदनशील शस्त्र और उपकरणों को बड़ी मात्रा में जब्त करने के उद्देश्य से विशिष्ट आसूचना के आधार पर विद्रोह-विरोधी

अभियान चला कर उग्रवाद और आतंकवाद का सामना करने में सेना नागरिक प्रशासन को सहायता उपलब्ध करवा रही है।

प्रभावकारी ढंग से निगरानी करने तथा नियंत्रण रेखा को अपने कब्जे में रखने के फलस्वरूप यह आतंकवादियों की दोनों ओर से होने वाली घुसपैठ को रोकने में तथा राज्य में शस्त्रों की तस्करी को रोकने में सहायता कर रही है।

US Administration's Report Criticising India's Human Rights Records

1100. SHRI VISHWASRAO RAMRAO PATIL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that US administration has released a report criticising India's human rights records;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what action Government propose to take to tackle this propoganda?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S.B. CHAVAN: (a) to (c) In accordance with US laws, the US Administration has released its annual report on the human rights situation in different countries. This report contains a chapter on the human rights situation in India entitled "India: Country Report on Human Rights". This chapter deals *inter-alia* with some of the fundamental rights enshrined in our Constitution and alleged violations thereof by various Government agencies. Human rights violation perpetrated by militants against individuals, security force personnel and other government officials have also been brought out in this report. Other issues covered include activities of Nexalites, custodial crimes, overcrowding in prisons, right of association for workers, prohibition of forced labour, regulations restricting child labour and displaced persons and refugees, etc.

Government's commitment to human rights flows from the Constitution of India and the legal framework established under the law. Government follows up autonomously allegations of human rights violations under the relevant laws and statutes applicable in such matters. Government constantly monitors international developments on human rights, and in its bilateral interaction with different foreign governments conveys its position on this issue and places it in the correct perspective.

विदेशों में हिन्दू राष्ट्र का प्रचार

1101. श्री विश्वासराव रामराव पाटिल: क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि कुछ भारतीय संगठन विदेशों में हिन्दू राष्ट्र के निर्माण का प्रचार कर रहे हैं;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है, और

(ग) सरकार ऐसे प्रचार को रोकने के लिए क्या कार्यवाही कर रही है?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० एम० सईद): (क) से (ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

Parleys Held with Sheikh Farooq Abdullah of Kashmir

1102. SHRI JAGDISH PRASAD MATHUR:
SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a statement of Sheikh Farooq Abdullah, Kashmir leader, reported in the Hindustan Times dated 7th January, 1993, that he had come to India (from abroad) on the invitation of the Central leaders and that the Kashmiris had to sort out the matters first with India and then Pakistan had to be involved for a permanent solution;

(b) if so, what is Government's reaction thereto; and

(c) what are the details of the parleys, if any, Government had with Sheikh Farooq Abdullah after his return from abroad?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI RAJESH PILOT: (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) With a view to normalising the situation in Jammu & Kashmir, over the past one year, Government has held discussions with leaders of political parties at the National & State level